





For Release: Friday, April 19, 2019

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County Employment and Wages in Nevada – Third Quarter 2018

Employment increased in Nevada's two large counties from September 2017 to September 2018, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (Large counties are defined as those with 2017 annual average employment of 75,000 or more.) Clark County's employment rose 3.1 percent and Washoe County's employment rose 2.2 percent. Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Richard Holden noted that the over-the-year employment increases in both counties exceeded the national increase of 1.6 percent.

Nationwide, employment advanced 1.6 percent from September 2017 to September 2018 as 295 of the 349 largest U.S. counties gained jobs. Midland, Texas, had the largest percentage increase in the country, up 11.9 percent over the year. New Hanover, N.C., had the largest over-the-year decrease in employment with a loss of 2.0 percent.

Employment in Clark County (1,001,200) and Washoe County (223,700) accounted for 88.6 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 349 largest counties made up 73.0 percent of total U.S. employment, which stood at 146.8 million in September 2018.

From the third quarter of 2017 to the third quarter of 2018, average weekly wages increased in both Washoe County (up 3.5 percent to \$967) and Clark County (up 1.7 percent to \$914). Nationally, the average weekly wage increased 3.3 percent over the year to \$1,055 in the third quarter of 2018. (See table 1.)

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 15 counties in Nevada with employment below 75,000. Average weekly wages in these counties ranged from \$1,763 to \$757 during the third quarter of 2018. (See table 2.)

Large county wage changes

Washoe County's 3.5-percent gain in average weekly wages ranked 115th among the 349 large U.S. counties during the year ending in the third quarter of 2018. (See table 1.) The average weekly wage in Clark County increased 1.7 percent over the year, ranking 290th among the largest U.S. counties.

Nationally, 336 of the 349 largest counties registered over-the-year wage growth. Chatham, GA, had the largest increase, up 8.5 percent from the third quarter of 2018. King, WA, was second with a wage increase of 7.9 percent, followed by Santa Clara, CA and Stanislaus, CA each at 7.8 percent.

Among the largest U.S. counties, 11 experienced over-the-year decreases in average weekly wages. Elkhart, IN, had the largest percentage decrease in average weekly wages (-4.2 percent), followed by Union, NJ (-3.7 percent); Providence, RI (-3.4 percent); and Forsyth, NC (-3.0 percent).

Large county average weekly wages

Average weekly wages in both of Nevada's large counties were below the national average of \$1,055 per week. Washoe County's \$967 average weekly wage ranked 171st among the 349 large U.S. counties. At \$914 per week, Clark County's average weekly wage placed 217th.

Nationwide, average weekly wages were above the U.S. average (\$1,055) in 94 of the 349 largest counties in the third quarter of 2018. Santa Clara, CA, held the top position among the highest-paid large counties in the nation with an average weekly wage of \$2,460. San Mateo, CA, was second at \$2,363, followed by San Francisco, CA (\$2,097); New York, NY (\$1,997); and Washington, DC (\$1,807).

Among the largest U.S. counties, 255 had weekly wages below the national average in the third quarter of 2018. Cameron, TX (\$632), had the lowest wage, followed by the counties of Horry, SC (\$635); Hidalgo, TX (\$662); and Webb, TX (\$698).

Average weekly wages in Nevada's smaller counties

Of the 15 counties in Nevada with employment below 75,000, Eureka had the highest average weekly wage at \$1,763. Lincoln had the lowest average weekly wage in the state at \$757 in the third quarter of 2018. (See table 2.)

When all 17 counties in Nevada were considered, 1 had wages below \$800. Two counties had average weekly wages ranging from \$800 to \$899, seven had wages from \$900 to \$999, and seven had wages at or above \$1,000. (See chart 1.)

Additional statistics and other information

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in table 3. For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the Technical Note or visit www.bls.gov/cew.

Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2017 edition of this publication contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2018 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from Employment and Wages Annual Averages 2017 are now available online at www.bls.gov/cew/cewbultn17.htm.

The County Employment and Wages release for fourth quarter 2018 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, May 22, 2019. The County Employment and Wages full data update for fourth quarter 2018 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, June 5, 2019

QCEW Publication Acceleration and Conversion to Two Data Releases

The QCEW publication process is accelerating for a more timely release. Beginning with the fourth quarter 2017 release, QCEW data will be published in two parts. The current County Employment and Wages news release and associated data will be accelerated and published first. The full QCEW data release will occur two weeks later, accompanied by a data release notice.

Technical Note

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. The result is then divided by 13, the number of weeks in a quarter. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cew; however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 2 largest counties in Nevada, third quarter 2018

	Employment			Average weekly wage (1)			
Area	September 2018 (thousands)	Percent change, September 2017-18 ⁽²⁾	National ranking by percent change (3)	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level (3)	Percent change, third quarter 2017-18 ⁽²⁾	National ranking by percent change ⁽³⁾
United States (4)	146,824.1	1.6		1055		3.3	
Nevada	1,382.9	3.4		936	28	2.4	42
Clark, Nev	1,001.2	3.1	43	914	217	1.7	290
Washoe, Nev	223.7	2.2	78	967	171	3.5	115

Footnotes:

- (1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.
- (2) Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.
- (3) Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.
- (4) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Nevada, third quarter 2018

Area	Employment September 2018	Average Weekly Wage(1)	
United States(2)	146,824,093	\$1,055	
Nevada	1,382,856	936	
Carson City	30,046	963	
Churchill	8,351	910	
Clark	1,001,217	914	
Douglas	19,890	904	
Elko	22,642	957	
Esmeralda	280	851	
Eureka	4,563	1,763	
Humboldt	7,659	1,063	
Lander	3,465	1,438	
Lincoln	1,275	757	
Lyon	12,297	822	
Mineral	1,593	951	
Nye	12,190	1,015	
Pershing	1,969	1,074	
Storey	18,882	1,082	
Washoe	223,668	967	
White Pine	4,268	1,084	

Footnotes

⁽¹⁾ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁽²⁾ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, third quarter 2018

State	Emplo	yment	Average weekly wage (1)				
	September 2018 (thousands)	Percent change, September 2017-18	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, third quarter 2017-18	National ranking by percent change	
Jnited States (2)	146,824.1	1.6	\$1,055		3.3		
Alabama	1,966.0	1.2	885	38	3.1	25	
Alaska	334.0	-0.4	1,065	13	3.7	12	
Arizona	2,838.6	2.8	974	23	2.9	31	
Arkansas	1,222.1	0.7	811	49	2.9	31	
California	17,457.5	1.8	1,260	5	3.8	9	
Colorado	2,684.0	2.1	1,104	9	3.5	18	
Connecticut	1,681.5	0.3	1,209	6	2.5	41	
Delaware	447.8	0.6	1,046	15	2.4	42	
District of Columbia	770.7	0.7	1,807	1	2.8	36	
Florida	8,690.7	4.6	924	29	3.1	25	
Georgia	4,448.8	2.3	993	20	3.3	21	
Hawaii	654.7	0.0	975	22	2.4	42	
Idaho	743.5	3.0	805	50	3.2	23	
Illinois	6,029.2	0.8	1,087	10	3.0	28	
Indiana	3,072.3	0.8	883	39	2.4	42	
lowa	1,555.0	0.9	887	37	3.7	12	
						18	
Kansas	1,390.4	1.0	867	42	3.5		
Kentucky	1,898.7	0.5	855	43	2.2	47	
Louisiana	1,915.4	0.5	901	33	3.7	12	
Maine	626.5	0.6	851	45	3.7	12	
Maryland	2,683.9	0.7	1,130	8	2.4	42	
Massachusetts	3,598.1	0.7	1,305	2	3.2	23	
Michigan	4,366.5	0.8	991	21	2.8	36	
Minnesota	2,904.3	0.8	1,074	12	4.2	5	
Mississippi	1,133.7	0.2	754	51	3.4	20	
Missouri	2,812.0	0.4	907	31	3.3	21	
Montana	473.3	1.0	815	48	2.8	36	
Nebraska	980.3	0.6	873	41	2.8	36	
Nevada	1,382.9	3.4	936	28	2.4	42	
New Hampshire	662.3	0.5	1,040	16	1.7	49	
New Jersey	4,072.6	0.8	1,181	7	2.1	48	
New Mexico	826.2	1.2	855	43	3.9	7	
New York	9,467.5	1.4	1,272	4	4.2	5	
North Carolina	4,398.0	1.1	938	26	3.8	9	
North Dakota	424.3	1.1	995	19	4.4	3	
Ohio	5,424.4	0.7	947	25	2.9	31	
Oklahoma	1,616.8	1.2	874	40	3.6	16	
Oregon	1,939.8	1.5	1,005	18	3.8	9	
Pennsylvania	5,894.8	1.0	1,031	17	3.0	28	
Rhode Island	489.4	1.0	963	24	-1.3	51	
South Carolina	2,088.2	2.8	834	46	0.8	50	
South Dakota	431.5	1.3	827	47	3.0	28	
Tennessee	3,005.6	1.7	938	26	3.9	7	
	12,327.0	2.6	1,064	14	3.1	25	
Texas			•				
Utah	1,494.4	3.4	911	30	3.6	16	
Vermont	310.9	0.0	892	36	2.6	40	
Virginia	3,889.6	1.1	1,082	11	2.9	31	
Washington	3,425.6	2.4	1,280	3	6.2	2	
West Virginia	706.0	1.7	894	35	8.1	1	
Wisconsin	2,888.9	0.7	901	33	2.9	31	
Wyoming	278.2	0.6	905	32	4.3	4	
Puerto Rico	862.5	0.2	534	(3)	5.3	(3)	
Virgin Islands	33.4	-8.0	888	(3)	18.6	(3)	

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

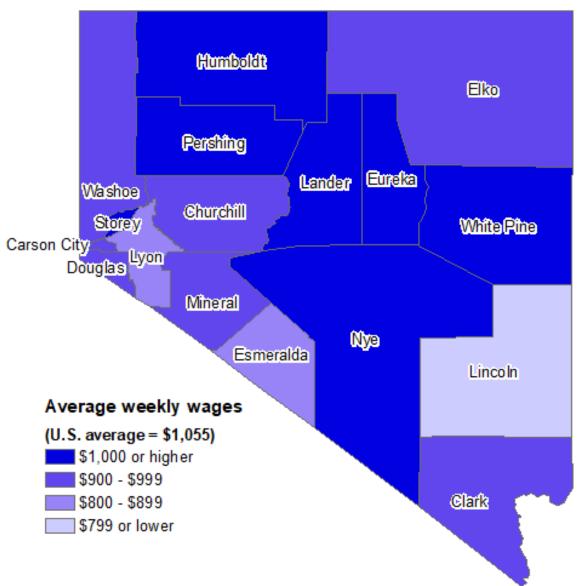
Footnotes:

- (1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.(2) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

(3) Data not included in the national ranking.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Chart 1. Average weekly wages by county in Nevada, third quarter 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.